WCB'S RATE MODEL CHANGES Impacts to Rate Codes



Speaker Peter Federko, CEO, WCB

Peter is a CPA and has been with the Saskatchewan WCB since February 1994. He was appointed Vice President, Budget and Finance in September 1994 and was appointed the first Chief Executive Officer of the WCB in June 1996. He is the longest-serving CEO among Canadian WCBs today. Over his 22 years with the WCB, Peter has led the organization through major financial challenges and change initiatives that position the WCB as a leader in its industry. Peter has served on the Association of Workers' Compensation Boards of Canada (AWCBC) as President, and is a Past President of the International Association of Industrial Accidents Boards & Commissions (IAIABC) and Chair of the Disability Management and Return to Work Committee.





Commodities Rate Model Impacts

February 27, 2017



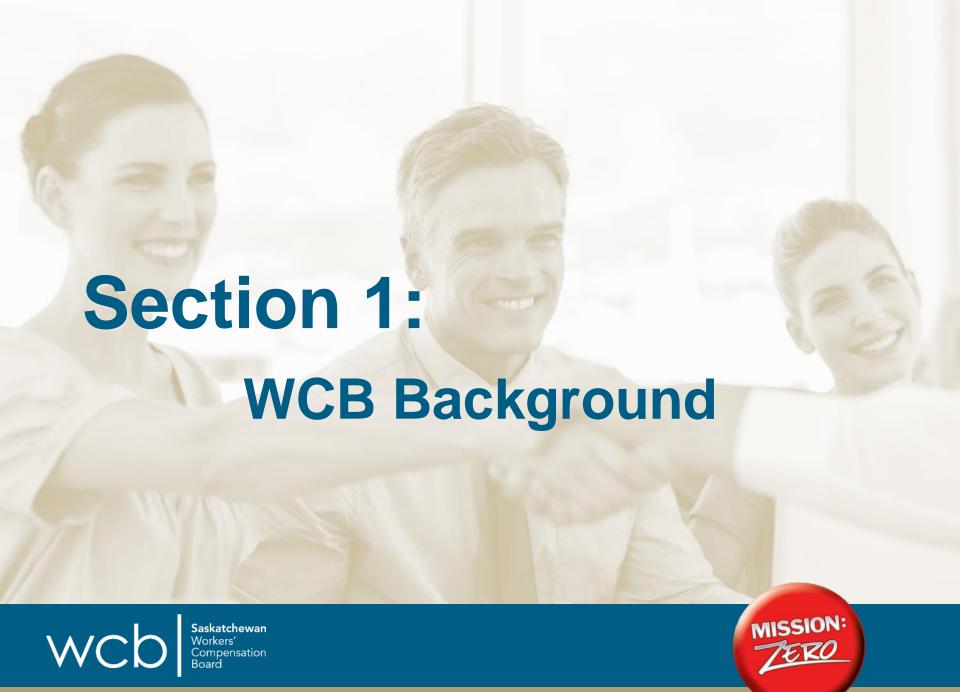


Agenda

- 1. WCB Background
- 2. Purpose of the Rate Model Review
- 3. 2017 Industry Impacts Current vs Enhanced model
- 4. Next Steps







Why do you pay WCB premiums?

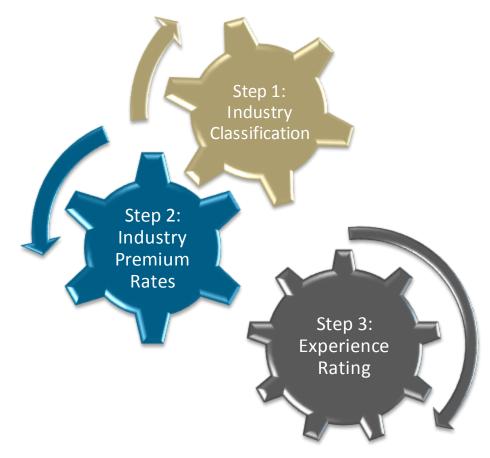
Historical Compromise Employers agreed Workers gave up to accept collective their right to sue liability

Your premium assessments fund the compensation system





The Rate Setting Process







Section 2: Purpose of the

Purpose of the Rate Model Review





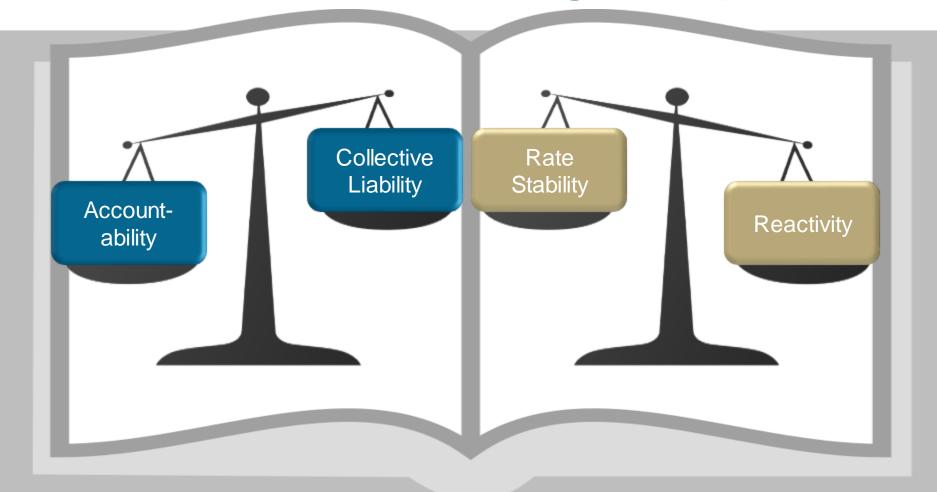
Why did we need a review of the Rate Model?

- Following the Asset Liability Study (conducted by Eckler Consultants and Actuaries), a recommendation was made to review the WCB's rate model.
- Employer feedback





Rate Model Balancing Principles







What was critical to the review process?

To maintain high levels of **fairness** and **transparency overall** in the rate setting process:

- Predictability of costs Premiums collected in the future must be sufficient to cover expected costs and expenses
- Model must be fair and equitable for all employers
- Model must follow actuarial standards





Rate Model Review

Key Findings

- Process for establishing premium rates is sound and collects required premiums
- Refinement vs. overhaul

Key Recommendations

- Credibility of industries
- Classification
- Use of indicators to predict costs
- Costly claim pooling
- Allocation of fatality costs
- Long term claims
- Allocation of administration costs





Section 3: 2017 Industry Impacts Current vs Enhanced Model

wcb

2017 Industry Impacts

- Industry impacts show the differences of the 2017 premium rates under the current model compared to the enhanced model
- The 2018 rates will be released Fall of 2017 and will include updated experience
- Industry impacts may not sum to overall impact due to rounding





Credibility of Industries

Recommendation:

Rate codes that are not fully credible should be complimented with a longer experience period

Credibility – Extent that you can use an industry's past experience to predict its future experience

Why the Change:

- Increases accountability by allowing more industries to stand on their own cost experience
- Improve predictability and stability for small industries

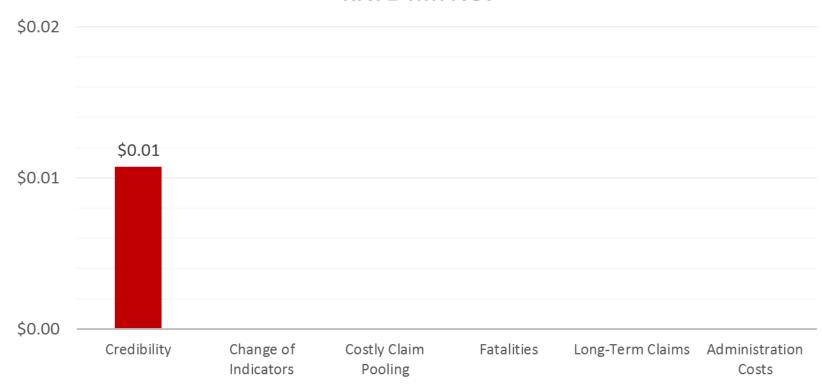
WCB Decision:

 If 5 years of cost history does not provide enough experience to predict future costs, 10 years is used to supplement the 5 year experience





C12 - Credibility of Industries







C32 - Credibility of Industries







C33 - Credibility of Industries

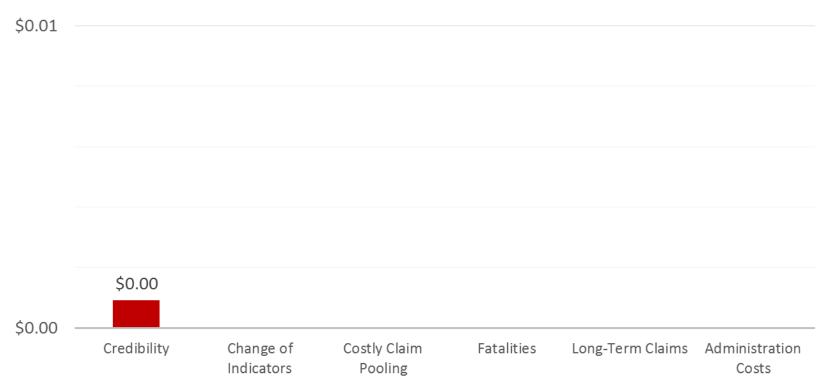






C41 - Credibility of Industries









C51 - Credibility of Industries







Use of Indicators to Predict Costs

Recommendation:

The WCB should not use the number of time loss claims, instead use the evolution of workforce to adjust past costs in the projection of future costs.

Workforce – estimate of the change in the number of insured workers for the rate year

Why the Change:

 The number of time loss claims has been declining, but there has not been a proportional decline in costs

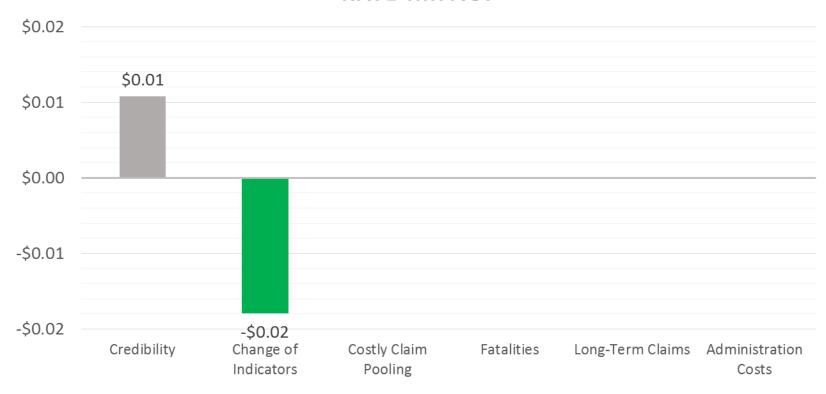
WCB Decision:

Use change of workforce instead of time loss claims to predict costs





C12 - Change of Indicators







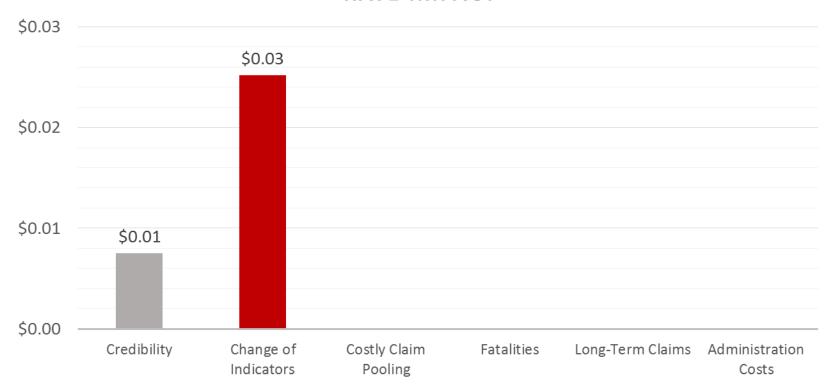
C32 - Change of Indicators







C33 - Change of Indicators







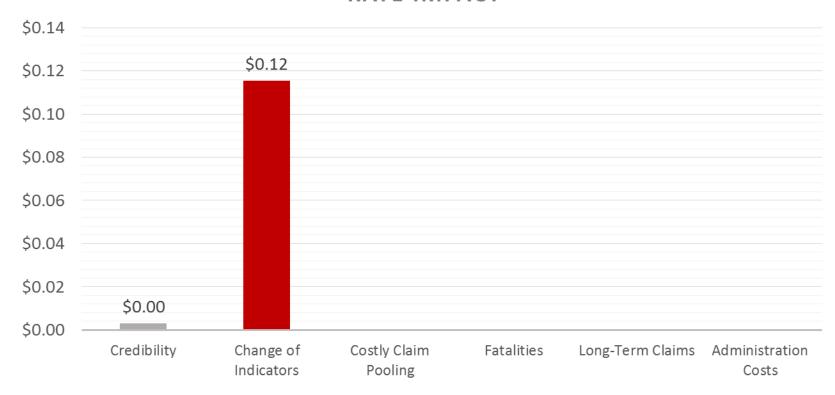
C41 - Change of Indicators







C51 - Change of Indicators







Costly Claim Pooling

Recommendation:

- The pooling of large claims should be done at the board level
- Use an indexed limit as opposed to a fixed one
- Use total claim costs instead of just pension
- Pooled costs should be redistributed based on costs

Why the Change:

 Increases collective liability so rare costly claims do not unduly burden an industry

WCB Decision:

 Apply all costs up to a maximum of 3 times the ultimate maximum insurable wage to the industry experience. Remaining costs are pooled at the Board Level.





C12 - Costly Claim Pooling







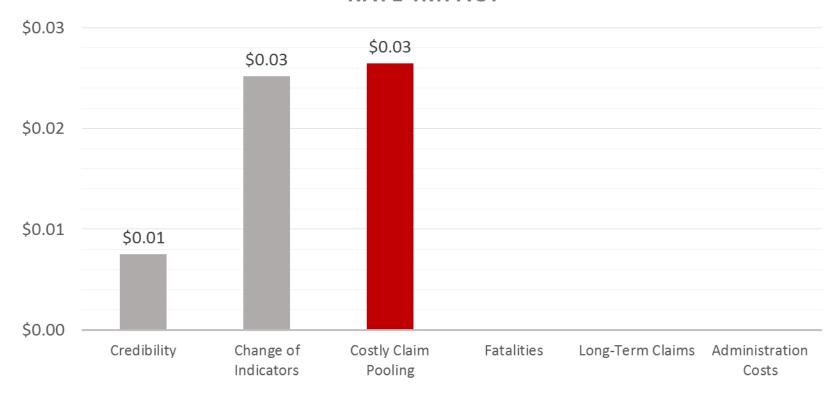
C32 - Costly Claim Pooling







C33 - Costly Claim Pooling







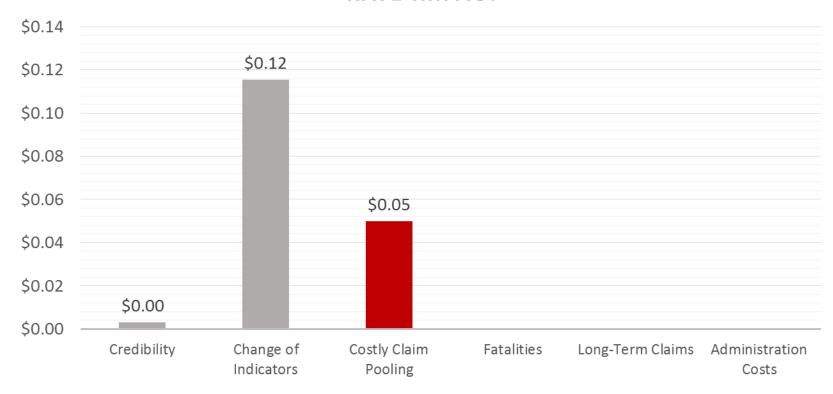
C41 - Costly Claim Pooling







C51 - Costly Claim Pooling







Allocation of Fatality Costs

Recommendation:

Fatalities should be charged to the industries based on actual or averaged costs

Why the Change:

Increases accountability to industries that have fatalities

WCB Decision:

 Costs for a fatality claim will be charged to the industry in which they occur and treated the same as all other claims





C12 - Allocation of Fatality Costs







C32 - Allocation of Fatality Costs

RATE IMPACT



Costly Claim

Pooling

Fatalities



Credibility

Change of

Indicators

-\$0.03



Administration

Costs

Long-Term Claims

C33 - Allocation of Fatality Costs



Costly Claim

Pooling

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Fatalities



Credibility

Change of

Indicators

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Administration

Costs

Long-Term Claims

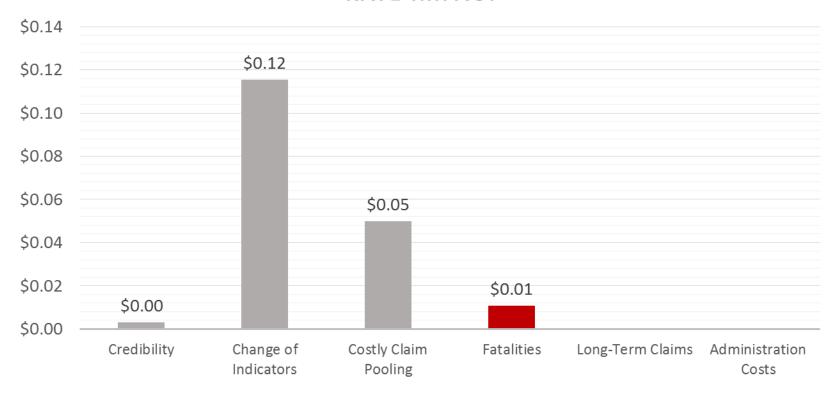
C41 - Allocation of Fatality Costs







C51 - Allocation of Fatality Costs







Long Term Claims

Recommendation:

Use more recent experience to predict future costs at the industry level. Costs beyond this period should be allocated based on claims costs

Why the Change:

- Increases reactivity by putting emphasis on recent cost experience
- Increases accountability to industries

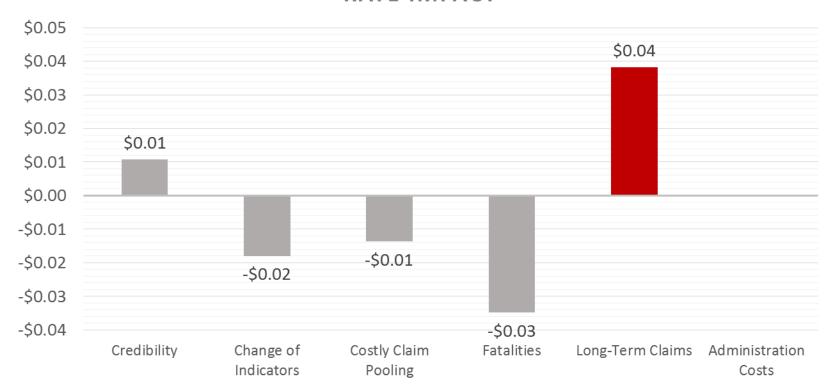
WCB Decision:

 Applies all costs for the first 7 years of a claim to the industry experience. Remaining costs are pooled at the Board Level





C12 - Long Term Claims







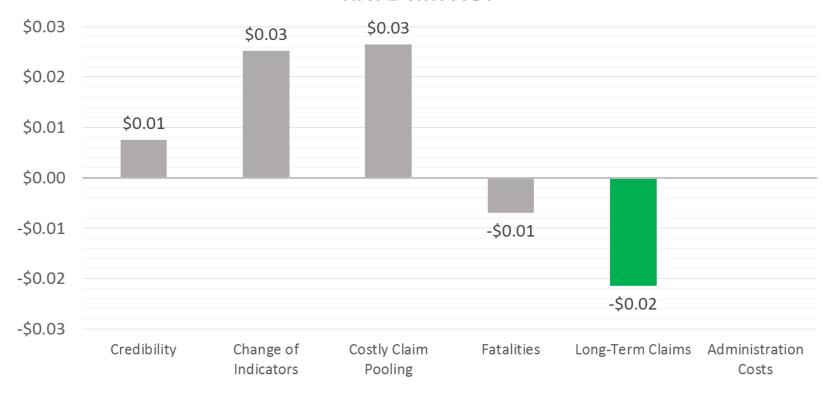
C32 - Long Term Claims







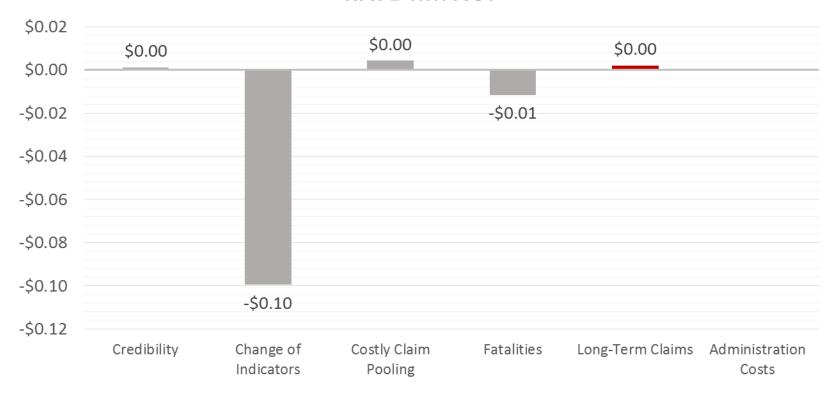
C33 - Long Term Claims







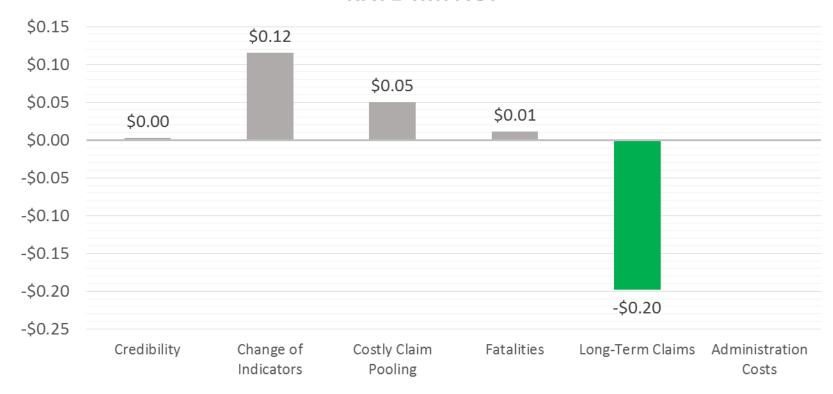
C41 - Long Term Claims







C51 - Long Term Claims







Allocation of Administration Costs

Recommendation

Align the allocation of fixed and variable costs to better reflect the actual admin cost structure

Why the Change:

Increase fairness so all industries appropriately share the costs

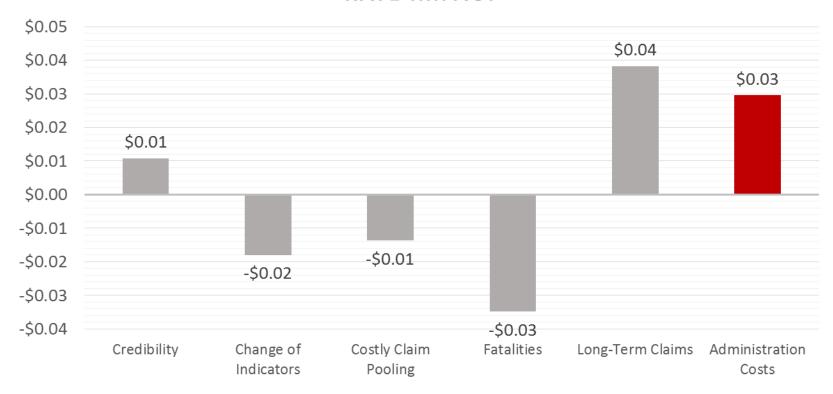
WCB Decision:

Increase the fixed component from 10% to 30%.





C12 - Allocation of Administration Costs







C32 - Allocation of Administration Costs

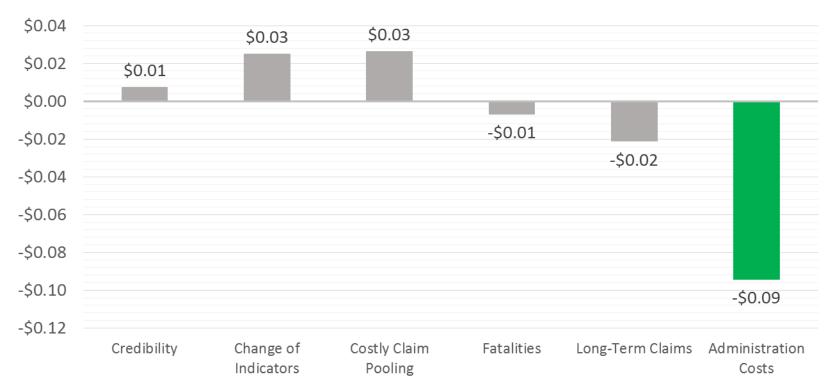








C33 - Allocation of Administration Costs

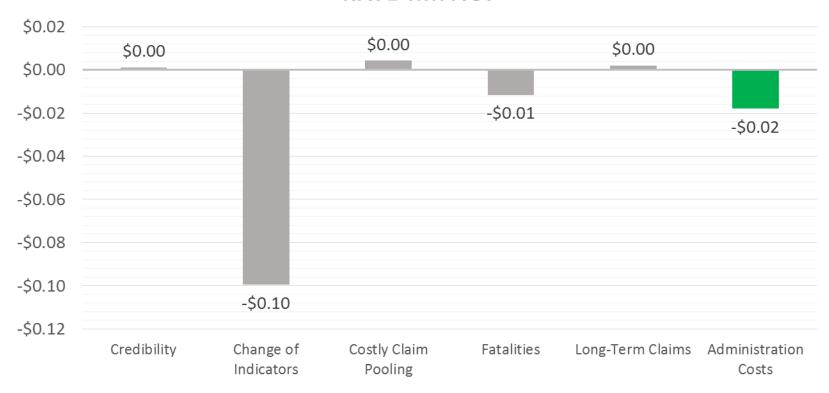






C41 - Allocation of Administration Costs

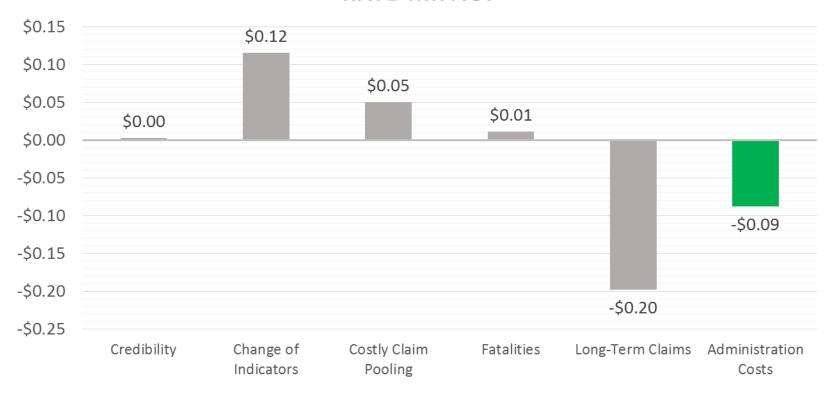








C51 - Allocation of Administration Costs







C12 - Light Commodity Marketing

Factors	2016	2017 Current	2 Enl	2017 hanced	% Change	\$ Change
Claims Costs	\$0.397	\$ 0.371	\$	0.383		
Fatalities	\$0.043	\$ 0.040	\$	0.011		
Administration	\$0.160	\$ 0.173	\$	0.203		
Safety Associations	\$ -	\$ -	\$	_		
Industry Base Rate	\$0.60	\$ 0.58	\$	0.60	3.4%	\$0.02





C32 - Grocery, Department Store, Hardware

Factors	2016	2017 Current	2017 Enhanc	% ed Change	\$ Change
Claims Costs	\$0.753	\$ 0.717	\$ 0.75	53	
Fatalities	\$0.043	\$ 0.040	\$ 0.02	26	
Administration	\$0.298	\$ 0.308	\$ 0.30	08	
Safety Associations	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -		
Industry Base Rate	\$ 1.09	\$ 1.07	\$ 1.0	09 1.9%	\$0.02





C33 - Wholesale, Chain stores

Factors	2016	2017 Current	2017 hanced	% Change	\$ Change
Claims Costs	\$1.109	\$ 1.055	\$ 1.087		
Fatalities	\$0.043	\$ 0.040	\$ 0.039		
Administration	\$0.475	\$ 0.494	\$ 0.399		
Safety Associations	\$ -	\$ -	\$ _		
Industry Base Rate	\$ 1.63	\$ 1.59	\$ 1.53	-3.8%	-\$0.06





C41 - Co-operative Associations

Factors	2016	2017 Current	2017 hanced	% Change	\$ Change
Claims Costs	\$1.031	\$ 0.933	\$ 0.835		
Fatalities	\$0.043	\$ 0.040	\$ 0.034		
Administration	\$0.367	\$ 0.348	\$ 0.330		
Safety Associations	\$ -	\$ -	\$ _		
Industry Base Rate	\$ 1.44	\$ 1.32	\$ 1.20	-9.1%	-\$0.12





C51 - Lumber Yards, Builders Supplies

Factors	2016	2017 Current	2017 Enhance	% ed Change	\$ Change
Claims Costs	\$1.659	\$ 1.540	\$ 1.50	5	
Fatalities	\$0.043	\$ 0.040	\$ 0.05	7	
Administration	\$0.616	\$ 0.601	\$ 0.51	4	
Safety Associations	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -		
Industry Base Rate	\$ 2.32	\$ 2.18	\$ 2.0	8 -4.6%	-\$0.10







Next Steps

- Today's full presentation will be recorded and available on <u>www.wcbsask.com</u>
- More questions?
 - If you have additional questions, please email askwcb@wcbsask.com
- Transition Feedback
 - Provide your feedback on how the WCB's enhanced rate model will be transitioned in 2018
 - www.wcbsask.com/feedback





You can influence the premium rate you pay









Safety & Prevention: How to transform your workplace

WCB's Free Annual Learning Event
March 20 & 21 2017 – TCU Place Saskatoon

Event details and registration at www.wcbsask.com.